

STOCK CLOSED WEAK ON PROFIT-TAKING

**Heaviest Losses Made in Speci-
alties, Although Entire List
Was Generally Lower.**

NEW YORK, March 31.—The stock market showed pronounced strength at the opening today. There was an absence of nervousness which has characterized recent days, and the volume of business was unusually heavy. In the market, as has been the case for some time past, the standard list was neither in favor of the specialists, and substantial advances were again made by this class of securities.

Toward the end of the first hour profit-taking made its appearance, and stocks sold off from the high, the market becoming irregular. Particular pressure was exerted against the railroad list, and the majority of these stocks went below the level yesterday to a point below the level. Selling orders were well taken, and prices gradually recovered, some issue making new high records for the day around noon. New Haven, after showing early weakness, developed strength, going within a fraction of 62, for an advance of nearly 2½ points on reports that the company had negotiated a sale of its interest in Ontario and return to the Lackawanna.

Pronounced strength developed in the market in the afternoon session, and virtually the whole list moved up, advances of a full point and over and even as much as two points being quite common.

M. Rumely Company shares showed particular strength, the preferred rising to 100, and the common advancing to 45, up 5.

There was no news to account for the advance. Rock Island was again in demand, making a new high of 38½, a gain of over 5 points, on reports of a fight for control at the annual meeting.

The early afternoon strength was not maintained, however, and on heavy profit-taking set in the market reacted.

On the final market, stocks were near their final prices of yesterday. The market closed weak, with leading issues, for the most part, showing losses of a good-sized fraction from the final of yesterday. Specialists, such as Maxwell Motors, Bethlehem Steel, National Lead and others, showed greater losses, in some cases 4, 5 and even 6 points.

Motor shareholders continued to exact their share of the trading, and were generally strong.

Reports of large earnings, due largely to the demand from belligerent European nations for new machines and parts, were thought to be the cause of the strength. In this group General Motors common attracted the most attention, selling up to 12½, up 5 points from the final of yesterday.

NEW YORK CURB

Bid	Asked
British-American Tobacco old	17½ 18
do new	17½ 18
Carnegie	18 19
Green Canaries	20 20
La Rose	20 20
Loops Biscuit	20 20
Oil Elevator	70½ 71½
do pref.	91 92
Old Luck & West	420 420
Rens & Rio Grande	7 7½ 7½
Distillers Securities	135 135 135
Frie	7 8 8
Erle 1st pf.	38 41 41
Erle 2d pf.	30 33 33
Fed M & S	9 9½ 9½
Fed M & S pf	29 29 29
General Motors	120 125 125
Groch Co	100 103 103
Great Northern pf	42 42 42
Great Northern One	35 36 36
Guggenheim Exptn	54 54½ 54½
Illinois Central	108½ 108½ 108½
Int Harv Corp	73 73 73
Interboro-Met	13½ 14½ 14½
Interboro-Met pf	63½ 63½ 63½
Int'l Paper	37 37½ 37½
Inland Copper	24½ 25 25
Kan City Southern	12½ 13½ 13½
Lack Steel	33 33 33
Lehigh Valley	137½ 138½ 137
Louis Wills Biscuit	20 22 22
Long & Nashville	118 119 119
May Dept Stores	48 48 48
Merchandise pf	96 96 96
Maxwell Motors	42½ 47 47
Max Motors 1st pf.	38½ 39½ 39½
Max Motors 2d pf.	37 38½ 38½
Mexican Petroleum	73 73½ 73½
Mex Petrolum pf	79½ 78 78
Miami Copper	24½ 24½ 24½
Minn & St Louis pf	13½ 14½ 14½
Mississippi	63 63 63
Montana Power	13 14 14
Mo Kan & Texas pf	34 34 34
National Biscuit	120 120½ 120½
Nash C & St L	12½ 12½ 12½
Nat Enameling & S	13½ 13½ 13½
Nat Cloth & Suit	70 80½ 75
Nat Cloth & Suit pf	100 101 101
Nett Ladd	19 19 19
Penn	107½ 107½ 106½
Peoples Gas	122½ 122½ 122½
Portia & Eastern	6½ 7 7
Pittsburgh Coal	21 21½ 20½
Pittsburgh Coal pf	94 95½ 94
Pitts C & St L	72 72 72
Pitts Steel Car	34½ 34½ 34½
Power Co	23½ 23½ 23½
Ry Steel Spring	19½ 19½ 19½
Ry Cos	19½ 19½ 19½
Rep Iron & Steel	140½ 145½ 145½
Rep Iron & Steel pf	22½ 23 23
Rumely Co	3½ 3 3
S. L. & F. F. P.	10½ 11 11
S. L. & F. F. P. 1st pref.	10½ 11 11
S. L. & F. S. F. D. pf	6½ 8 8
Southern Pacific	87 87½ 87½
Studebaker Co	14½ 15½ 15½
Sturmer Co pf	10½ 10½ 10½
Texas Co	143 143 143
Texas & Pacific	53 54 54
Union Pacific	125½ 126½ 124½
U.S. Healy & Imp.	44½ 45 45
U.S. Huber	48 48 48
U.S. Steel	103½ 103½ 103½
Utah Copper	636 674 674
Va-Iron Coal & C	44 42 42
Wabash	3 3 3
Wabash pf	2 2½ 2½
Western Md	93 94 94
Westinghouse Electric	72½ 72½ 72½
Woolworth	109 109½ 107
Total sales today, 140,000 shares, compares with 136,000 shares yesterday; thus far this month, 1,260,500 shares, same period last week, 1,256,500 shares.	108 107 108

STOCK TRADING INCREASED

**March Sales of Local Securities
Greater Than in February.**

Total sales of stocks on the Philadelphia Exchange for March were 22,622, compared with 14,257 in February. They were nevertheless below those of a year ago which ran as high as 22,651.

Bond dealings fell off considerably compared with those of February which were \$1,832,100. The March total only reached \$1,823,967, but this was not much below last year when \$1,879,413 changed hands during the month.

NEW YORK COFFEE MARKET

NEW YORK, March 31.—The coffee market opened firm. Futures were up 1 to 2 points. Trading was fairly active, with a total of 27,000,000 lbs per cent, b mds by the State of New York is not reckoned, nor in other States and municipal financing.

COTTON AT NEW HIGH

NEW YORK, March 31.—The cotton market opened steady, 4 to 7 points net higher, the last going to new high levels and July breaking out to 100. The market was very quiet, but the call there was little change in prices, but the market had an excellent undercurrent. Commodity was well received, while both New Orleans and Wall street sold. Liverpool was about as due at the time of the open, and was receiving a continuing demand, and some trade fixing. Closing figures showed gains of 8 to 10 points.

It is estimated that 40 and 50 per cent. of the total new issues in March was used to pay off or refinance obligations, and that the remaining 50 per cent. of \$27,000,000 lbs per cent, b mds by the State of New York is not reckoned, nor in other States and municipal financing.

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